

Safety Data Sheet E-6214

according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 07-28-2023 Supersedes: 01-01-2021 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Trade name : 1-Butene
CAS No : 106-98-9
Formula : C4H8

Other means of identification : Butylene, Alpha Butylene, Ethylethylene

Product group : Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended uses and restrictions : Industrial use, Use as directed.

1.3. Supplier

Linde Canada inc.

500 — 5015 Spectrum Way Mississauga - Canada L4W 0E4 T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682

www.lindecanada.ca

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : 1-800-363-0042

Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents

involving this product.

For routine information, contact your supplier or Linde sales representative.

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Flammable gases, Category 1 H220 Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labelling

Hazard pictograms





GHS02

GHS04

Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS

CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

MAY CAUSE FROSTBITE.

MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR.

Precautionary statements : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

LEAKING GAS FIRE: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F).

Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Close valve after each use and when empty.

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Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles.

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS CA)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
1-Butene (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 106-98-9	100	Butene, 1- / 1-Butylene / But-1-ene / Butene-1

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: The liquid may cause frostbite. For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). Water temperature should be tolerable to normal skin. Maintain skin warming for at least 15 minutes or until normal coloring and sensation have returned to the affected area. In case of massive exposure, remove clothing while showering with warm water. Seek medical evaluation and treatment as soon as possible.

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. Contact an

ophthalmologist immediately.Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/injuries : No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide, Dry chemical, Water spray or fog.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Fire hazard

: **EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS**. If venting or leaking gas catches fire, do not extinguish flames. Flammable vapors may spread from leak, creating an explosive reignition hazard. Vapors can be ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering an area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device.

Explosion hazard

: **EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE GAS.** Forms explosive mixtures with air and oxidizing agents.

Reactivity in case of fire

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

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5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions

: **DANGER: High-pressure, oxidizing gas.** Evacuate personnel to a safe area. Appropriate self-contained breathing apparatus may be required. Remove all sources of ignition. Vapor can spread from spill. Contact with flammable materials may cause fire or explosion. When containers have cooled, move them away from fire area if safe to do so. Before entering the area, especially a confined area, check the atmosphere with an appropriate device. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Protection during firefighting

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

 Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.

Specific methods

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive reignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire.

Other information

: Containers are equipped with a pressure relief device. (Exceptions may exist where authorized.).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: **DANGER: Flammable, liquefied gas.** FORMS EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH AIR. Immediately evacuate all personnel from danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe to do so. Reduce vapors with fog or fine water spray, taking care not to spread liquid with water. Shut off flow if safe to do so. Ventilate area or move container to a well-ventilated area. Flammable vapors may spread from leak and could explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explosive atmospheres may linger. Before entering area, especially confined areas, check atmosphere with an appropriate device.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-proof equipment.

This gas is heavier than air and in an enclosed space tends to accumulate near the floor, displacing air and pushing it upward. This creates an oxygen-deficient atmosphere near the floor. Ventilate space before entry. Verify sufficient oxygen concentration.

Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

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Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g.: CSA, TSSA, or NFPA Codes), or according to the provincial requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

1-Butene (106-98-9)		
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
Manitoba	OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and lighting.

Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment

: In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.





Hand protection

Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.

> Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

Skin and body protection Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing

> Respiratory protection: Use air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below OEL (if applicable). Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment. Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere.

Thermal hazard protection

Respiratory protection

Eye protection

Environmental exposure controls

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Other information

: Other protection: Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Physical state : Gas
(b) Colour : Colourless.

(c) Odour : Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Sweetish.

: 2.4

Odour threshold : No data available

(d) Melting point : -185 °C

Freezing point : No data available

(e) Boiling point : -6.47 °C (at 760 mmHg)

(f) Flammability : Flammable (g) Flammability (solid, gas) : 1.6-9.3 vol %

(h) Flash point : TCC (i) Auto-ignition temperature : 384 °C

(j) Decomposition temperature
 (k) pH
 (l) Viscosity, kinematic
 No data available
 Not applicable.
 Not applicable.

(m) Solubility : Water: No data available

(n) Partition coefficient – n-octanol/water [log

Pow/log Kow]

(o) Vapour pressure : 260 kPa

(p) Density : 0.59 g/cm³ (at 20 °C)

Relative gas density : 2

(r) Particle characteristics : No data available

(s) Molecular mass : 56 g/mol
(t) Critical temperature : 146.4 °C
(u) Critical pressure : 4020 kPa
(v) Oxidizing properties : None.

(w) Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)Not applicable.

9.2. Other information

Gas group : Liquefied gas

Additional information : Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below

ground level.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : May occur. Hazardous polymerization may occur if normal conditions are exceeded. This

material is a flammable hydrocarbon and may explode in the presence of oxidizers.

Conditions to avoid : High temperature. High pressure. Catalyst.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizer. Acids. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition products : Thermal decomposition may produce : Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

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11.1 Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation

11.2 Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics : No additional information available

11.3 Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified : Not classified Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

11.4 Toxicity

1-Butene (\f)106-98-9	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	No data available

1-Butene (106-98-9)	
Hydrocarbon	Yes

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. **Toxicity**

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

Persistence and degradability 12.2.

1-Butene (106-98-9)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.

12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

1-Butene (106-98-9)	
Log Pow	2.4
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4). Refer to section 9.

12.4. Mobility in soil

1-Butene (106-98-9)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.

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1-Butene (106-98-9)	
Log Pow	2.4
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer : None.

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return container to supplier.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1012

TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable Gases

Proper shipping name : BUTYLENE

ERAP Index : 3 000
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 0.125 L
Passenger Carrying Ship Index : Forbidden
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : Forbidden

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

14.2. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1012

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 115

IATA

UN-No. (IATA) : 1012

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Petroleum gases, liquefied

Class (IATA) : 2 - Gases

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

1-Butene (106-98-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2. International regulations

1-Butene (106-98-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

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SECTION 16: Other information

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Indication of changes:

Training advice

Other information

The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.

When you mix two or more chemicals, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Before using any plastics, confirm their compatibility with this product.

Linde Canada asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Linde Canada Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Linde Canada Inc, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Linde Canada Inc, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Linde Canada Inc, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Linde sales representative, local distributor, or supplier, or download from www.lindecanada.ca.

: 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual NFPA health hazard

injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Will rapidly or completely vaporize at normal pressure

and temperature, or is readily dispersed in air and will burn

NFPA instability : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health

: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below Flammability 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)

: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high Physical

temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo

hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Linde NEW

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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